Glacier National Park was established May 11, 1910, as the fifth national park and the first in the Pacific Northwest. It was created to protect an area rich in forest, wildlife, and mineral resources. The early 1900s were a time of great economic expansion and mineral development. The U.S. government by then was beginning to recognize the importance of preserving these natural resources for future generations.

Glacier National Park

Glacier National Park is a mountainous area in the U.S. state of Montana, located in the northwestern corner of the state. It is one of the oldest and largest national parks in the U.S. It was established by an act of the U.S. Congress on May 11, 1910, and is managed by the National Park Service. The park is known for its rugged mountains, glaciers, lakes, and rivers, as well as its diverse wildlife. It is also a popular destination for outdoor enthusiasts, including hikers, boaters, and cyclists.

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